

TITLE 6

Public Works

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Title 6 › Chapter 1

Grades

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Sec. 6-1-1 Establishment of Grades.

- (a) **Grades to be Established.** The grade of all streets, alleys and sidewalks shall be established by the Village Board and the same recorded by the Village Clerk-Treasurer in his/her office. No street, alley or sidewalk shall be worked until the grade thereof is established. In all cases where the grade of sidewalks shall not have been specifically set by ordinance, the sidewalks shall be laid to the established grade of the street. All such grades heretofore established are hereby confirmed.
- (b) **New Sidewalk Grade.** Whenever a street shall be improved for the first time or the grade thereof changed and the street improved so as to conform to the new grade, the grading of the sidewalk shall be considered a part of the improvement, shall be let by contract with the other work of improving such street, and the expense thereof shall be provided for and borne in all respects like that of improving the street, but the construction shall be done by the owners of the abutting lots or parcels of land or at their expense as hereinafter provided. Before such construction is commenced by the owners of the abutting lots or parcels of land, the Village Board shall, upon application by the respective owners for a sidewalk grade, cause such sidewalk grade to be established.

Sec. 6-1-2 Alteration of Grade Prohibited.

No person shall alter the grade of any street, alley, sidewalk or public ground or any part thereof in the Village of Shiocton by any means whatsoever unless authorized or instructed to do so by the Village Board or Director of Public Works. All such alterations of grade shall be recorded in the office of the Village Clerk-Treasurer.

Sec. 6-1-3 Regulation of Underground Utilities.

- (a) **Elevation.** The grade or elevation of all underground construction shall be a minimum of three (3) feet below the established grade of the street, alley, park, public property or

easement. The three (3) feet shall be measured between the top of the established grade and the top of the underground construction.

(b) Approval of Location. The location of any and all such underground construction must have the approval of the Director of Public Works.

(c) Filing Plans. Complete plans for any such construction must be filed with and be approved by the Director of Public Works before construction can begin.

(d) Inspection. On request of the Director of Public Works, the utility company must provide opportunity for him to check any construction before it may be covered.

(e) Conflict with Other Utilities. If the grade or elevation herein set for the underground construction of utilities shall, in any instance, conflict with other existing utilities, the utility shall be required to lower the elevation of its underground construction, or of the storm sewer, at the election of the Director of Public Works and in accordance with his directions and specifications.

(f) Establishment of Grade. At the request of the utility company, the Director of Public Works shall give the utility company an established grade on any streets, alleys, public parks or easements where it proposes to install underground utilities.

(g) Emergency. In case of an emergency, when immediate action is necessary in order to protect life or property, the utility company may proceed with underground construction subject to obtaining the approval of such work by the Director of Public Works as soon thereafter as is reasonably possible.

(h) Restoration of Surface. In the event of any such underground construction, the utility company shall leave the surface of the ground, or road, in the same condition as before said work was commenced, and in the event of its failure so to do, the Village may proceed to place the surface of the ground or street in such condition at the utility company's expense. Such work shall comply with the provisions of Sections 6-2-3 and 6-2-4.

(i) Non-Relief from Obligations. Compliance with this Section does not relieve the utility company from any responsibility of any kind whatsoever by reason of the widening of the travelway, or any other improvements which may become necessary; nor does it relieve it from any liability of any kind or nature whatsoever. Compliance with this Section shall not relieve the utility company from the responsibility or obligation of removing, relocating or moving any of its mains, pipes or property due to the opening, widening or improving of streets, or due to any other changes which may occur by reason of which such moving, relocation or removing may be necessary.

Title G › Chapter 2

Streets and Sidewalks

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Sec. 6-2-1 Removal of Rubbish and Dirt from Sidewalks.

No owner or occupant shall allow the sidewalk abutting on his/her premises to be littered with rubbish or dirt. If such owner or occupant shall refuse or fail to remove any such rubbish or dirt when notified to do so by the Village Board or its designee, the Village Board or its designee may cause the same to be done and report the cost thereof to the Village Clerk-Treasurer who shall spread the cost on the tax roll as a special tax against the premises, pursuant to Sec. 66.0627, Wis. Stats., or such cost may be recovered in an action against the owner or occupant.

Sec. 6-2-2 Construction and Repair of Sidewalks; Cost of Curb and Gutter.

(a) **Board May Order.** The Village Board may determine that sidewalks or curb and gutter

or highway within the Village. The Village Board may determine or change the width or grade of any street or sidewalk,

(b) Cost of Sidewalks; Curbs and Gutter.

(1) New Subdivision Sidewalks. Sidewalks required in new subdivisions and developments shall be paid for by the land divider pursuant to Title 14 of this Code of Ordinances. New sidewalks constructed in existing areas of the Village shall be paid for by adjacent property owners.

(2) Sidewalk and Curb/Gutter Repair and Reconstruction. It shall be the duty of the abutting property owner on each side of the street to construct and repair, and the duty of the abutting property owner to maintain sidewalks and/or curbs and gutter along or upon any street, alley, or highway in the Village of Shiocton as required by the Village Board and to pay the cost thereof as follows:

- a. Adjacent property owners shall pay one hundred percent (100%) of the cost of sidewalk reconstruction or repair.
- b. Adjacent property owners shall pay sixty-five percent (65%) of the cost of curb and gutter reconstruction or repair and the Village shall pay thirty-five percent (35%) of the cost thereof.

(3) Assessment a Lien.

- a. Said special assessment shall remain a lien on the premises until paid in full and shall be entered on the tax roll as a special tax as above provided and failure to pay when due shall result in the whole balance being immediately due and payable and collectible as a delinquent tax against the above described property and that all proceedings in relation to the collection, return and sale of the property for delinquent real estate taxes shall apply to such special assessment.
- b. Such special assessments may be paid in five (5) equal installments, with the interest rate being the same as the Village's current borrowing rate.

(c) Permit Required. No person shall hereafter lay, remove, replace or repair any public sidewalk within the Village of Shiocton unless he/she is under contract with the Village to do such work or has obtained a permit therefore from the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works at least two (2) days before work is proposed to be undertaken. A fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) shall be charged for such permit.

(d) Standard Specifications for Sidewalk.

(1) General.

- a. All sidewalks shall be constructed of masonry meeting Wisconsin Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, unless otherwise specified in this Section.
- b. Concrete sidewalk construction shall meet the specifications and provisions set forth in this Section and shall be constructed in locations and to line and grade as established by the Village. All sidewalks constructed in the Village shall conform to the line and grade established by the ordinances or resolutions of the Village. Where no grade has been established as ascertained by the records, the

Village Engineer shall prepare and report a grade for the approval of the Village Board; and, when the same has been established, the Village Engineer shall stake out the sidewalk as ordered by the Village Board. No sidewalk shall be laid under the provisions of this Section until a grade therefor has been established by the Village Board.

- (2) **Subgrade.** All earth, dirt and material shall be removed to a depth, not less than eight (8) inches, ten (10) inches across private driveways, below the grade line; and the space shall be filled with crushed stone, sand or gravel. The base shall be left four (4) inches thick after being tamped, with the stone or gravel to be not larger than one and one-half (1-1/2) inches in diameter and to be free from dirt, dust and foreign matter. Soft, porous and unsuitable subgrade material shall be removed and replaced with sand, gravel, or other satisfactory material, and the subgrade shall be thoroughly and uniformly compacted and moistened immediately before the concrete is placed. On embankments, the subgrade shall extend at least one (1) foot beyond each edge of the sidewalk.
- (3) **Concrete.** The minimum quantity of cement per cubic yard shall be six (6) ninety-four (94) pound sacks. Concrete shall be mixed for at least one (1) minute. Gravel shall be of good quality and washed. Concrete shall test two thousand (2,000) pounds compression in twenty-eight (28) days. Bituminous sidewalks are prohibited.
- (4) **Forming.** Concrete shall be placed in straight forms of wood or metal of sufficient strength to resist springing, tipping or other displacement during the process of depositing and consolidating the concrete. Concrete shall be placed in the forms on a moist subgrade, deposited just above the finished grade and consolidated and spaded sufficiently to bring the mortar to the surface and to prevent honeycombing. It shall then be struck off level with the top of the forms and finished with wooden flats. Forms shall be securely fastened, staked, braced and held firmly to required line and shall be sufficiently tight to prevent leakage of mortar, and all forms shall remain in place for twenty-four (24) hours after pour.
- (5) **Jointing, Floating and Finishing.** Soon after screening and while the concrete is still plastic, the surface shall be floated with wood, cork or metal floats or by a finishing machine. At all places where the sidewalk intersects another sidewalk or curb-line, a one-half (1/2) inch expansion joint shall be placed. Transverse expansion joints of one-half (1/2) inch thick and four (4) inches wide and five (5) feet long or premolded material shall be located every thirty (30) feet. Sidewalks must be marked off to make blocks five (5) foot square and be at right angles to the parallel lines. Any new sidewalk adjoining an old sidewalk or a sidewalk which abuts curb and gutter shall have one-half (1/2) by four (4) inch expansion joints of premolded material.
- (6) **Slope.**
 - a. All forms must be approved by the Director of Public Works or other inspector designated by the Director of Public Works before concrete is poured. To

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provide adequate drainage, the sidewalk shall slope toward the curb at a minimum rate of one-half (1/2) inch per foot of width of sidewalk. All joints and edges shall be finished with a one-fourth (1/4) inch radius edging tool.

- b. In cases where the grade exceeds fifteen percent (15%), steps or special construction shall be required to fit the existing conditions. Such details shall be prepared by the Village Engineer and approved by the Village Board before construction of the walk is started.
- c. Sidewalks shall be constructed within the limits of the street, and unless otherwise specifically indicated, there shall be a one (1) foot strip of street property left between the property line and the edge of the sidewalk.

(7) Width and Thickness.

- a. Residential walks shall be four (4) feet in width, laid six (6) inches outside property line, but not less than four (4) inches in thickness, except within driveway approaches where the minimum thickness shall be seven (7) inches. In the alternative, the Village Board may direct that reconstructed sidewalks match the width of existing adjacent sidewalks.
- b. Sidewalks in front of commercial or industrial establishments shall be not less than eight (8) feet in width and five (5) inches in thickness except within driveway approaches where the minimum thickness shall be seven (7) inches.

(8) Finishing. The concrete shall be struck off true to grade, finished smooth and given a broom finish. All edges shall be rounded. No tool marks shall be left on exposed surfaces. In case of rain, the walk shall be covered to protect the surface from being damaged. Walks shall be kept free from all traffic at normal temperatures for forty-eight (48) hours and in cold weather [below fifty (50) degrees F.] for ninety-six (96) hours. No concrete shall be poured when the temperature may be expected to fall below thirty-five (35) degrees F. in any seventy-two (72) hour period or upon frozen subgrade.

(9) Curing and Drying. As soon as any of the concrete work herein before mentioned has been finished and hardened sufficiently to prevent excessive marring of the surface, it shall be cured and protected against rapid drying. Failure to comply with this requirement shall be deemed sufficient cause for suspension of the work. Curing shall be accomplished by the "Impervious Coating," "Wet Fabric" or "Paper" methods. For impervious coating or membrane curing, only those materials meeting requirements of ASTM Spec. C156-44T, "Method of Test for Efficiency of Materials for Curing Concrete" shall be used. Said specifications are hereby adopted by reference as if fully set forth herein.

(10) Cold Weather Requirements. When the temperature is less than forty degrees Fahrenheit (40°F), all concrete placed in the forms shall have a temperature between fifty degrees Fahrenheit (50°F) and seventy degrees Fahrenheit (70°F) and shall meet the requirements as per Wisconsin Department of Transportation specifications for cold weather concrete.

(11) Minor Repairs. Nothing in this Section shall apply to minor repairs, the cost of which does not exceed Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00); such repairs may be made at the direction of the Director of Public Works without notice, and the cost thereof may be charged to the abutting property owner in the same manner as provided in this Section for major repairs.

(12) Variances. Where the location of a sidewalk in accordance with the specifications established herein would conflict with the location of trees, or the root systems thereof, a written variance to the specifications may be issued by the Director of Public Works permitting the sidewalk to be located so as to eliminate or reduce such conflict. No variance shall be issued if the public safety or welfare would be adversely affected thereby. No fee shall be charged for such variance.

(e) Repair or Replacement of Defective Sidewalks.

(1) The Village Board may determine that any sidewalk which is unsafe, defective, or insufficient be repaired or removed and replaced with a sidewalk in accordance with this Section. The existence of any one or more of the hereinafter enumerated characteristics shall determine whether a sidewalk is defective or insufficient:

- a. One (1) inch or more vertical differential between adjacent sharp edged individual sidewalk blocks (crack in slab) and between adjacent round edged individual sidewalk blocks (joint).
- b. One and one-fourth (1-1/4) inch horizontal distance between adjacent individual sidewalk blocks.
- c. Deterioration of the surface to a vertical depth of one-half (1/2) inch or more within each individual sidewalk block.

(2) If eighty percent (80%) of a property owner's sidewalk blocks are determined to be defective or insufficient, the entire sidewalk shall be replaced.

(f) Illegal Sidewalks. No sidewalk which shall be constructed contrary to the provisions of this Section shall be considered a legal sidewalk and the same may be ordered to be replaced with a legal sidewalk and with one that is in conformity with this Section, the same as if no sidewalk whatever had been built or constructed in the place where any such sidewalk is located.

State Law Reference: Sec. 66.0907, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 6-2-3 Excavations of Streets, Alleys, Public Ways and Grounds.

(a) Permit Required.

(1) **Permit to Be Obtained.** No person, partnership or corporation, or their agents or employees or contractors, shall make or cause to be made any opening or excavation

in any public street, public alley, public way, public ditch, public ground, public sidewalk or Village-owned easement within the Village of Shiocton without a permit therefor from the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works.

- (2) **Fee; Emergency Excavation.** In the event of an emergency excavation for the protection of property, life, health, or safety and as authorized in Section 6-2-4(h), there shall be no permit fee (except any actual Village expenses shall be charged to the permittee) provided the application for the street opening permit is filed with the Director of Public Works or Clerk-Treasurer within two (2) regular business days of the excavation in accordance with Section 6-2-4(h). If the permit application for the emergency excavation is not filed within two (2) regular business days, the application and review fee shall be Seventy-five Dollars (\$75.00) plus any actual Village expenses.
- (b) **Application for Permit.** The application for a permit shall be in writing and signed by the applicant or his/her agent. The applicant shall submit to the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works, at the time the permit is applied for, sufficient information relating to the work to be done including the general location and nature of the work and the method applicant proposes to use in doing the work. The Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works shall determine if sufficient information is submitted.
- (c) **Exception.** The provisions of this Section shall not apply to Village excavation work done under the direction of the Village Board or Director of Public Works.
- (d) **Validity of Permit.** Permits shall be valid for a period of thirty (30) days from the date of approval, except as provided for under Section 6-2-4(g) for pavement replacement.
- (e) **Renewal of Permit.** If operations have begun under an approved permit and will continue beyond the thirty (30) day validation period, the permittee shall apply for a thirty (30) day permit renewal by written request to the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works and payment of a Twenty-five Dollar (\$25.00) renewal permit fee. Permit renewals shall be issued at the discretion of the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works.
- (f) **Village Standards.** All street work shall be performed in accordance with the current standard specifications for street openings found in this Section and Section 6-2-4. Any damaged curb and gutter, sidewalk or grass-covered area shall be restored to the condition prior to damage.
- (g) **Insurance.** Prior to the commencement of excavation work, a permittee must furnish the Village satisfactory written evidence that he/she has in force and will maintain during the life of the permit and the period of excavation, public liability insurance in an amount not less than One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) per person and One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) for property damage. This may be altered by the Village Board on small contracts. In the event the permittee claims to be self-insured, then he/she shall place on file with the Village Clerk-Treasurer a certificate of self-insurance in the sums set forth in this paragraph for personal injury and property damage and said permittee shall also execute to the Village an agreement to indemnify and save harmless the Village from any and all

liability for claims, accidents to damages caused by reasons of operation under the permit, whether or not the same are caused by the negligence of the permittee, the Village of Shiocton, or any other person, firm or corporation.

(h) **Bond.**

- (1) Before a permit for excavating or opening any street or public way may be issued, the applicant must execute and deposit with the Village Clerk-Treasurer an indemnity bond in the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) conditioned that he/she will indemnify and save harmless the Village of Shiocton and its officers from all liability for accidents and damage caused by any of the work covered by his/her permit, and that he/she will fill up and place in good and safe condition all excavations and openings made in the street, and will replace and restore the pavement over any opening he/she may make as near as can be to the state and condition in which he/she found it, and keep and maintain the same in such condition, normal wear and tear excepted, to the satisfaction of the Village Board for a period of one (1) year, and that he/she will pay all fines or forfeitures imposed upon him/her for any violation of any rule, regulation or ordinance governing street openings or drainlaying adopted by the Village Board and will repair any damage done to existing improvements during the progress of the excavation in accordance with the ordinances, rules and regulations of the Village. Such statement shall also guarantee that, if the Village shall elect to make the street repair, the person opening the street will pay all costs of making such repair and of maintaining the same for one (1) year.
- (2) Faulty work or materials shall be immediately replaced by the permittee upon notice by the Village. Failure to correct deficiencies shall result in a one (1) year revocation of the right to obtain a street opening permit. The Village shall repair the deficiencies and bill the permittee for all labor, materials and equipment used plus twenty percent (20%) for administration.
- (3) The person who does such restoration shall be responsible therefor for one (1) year from the date of the completion of the work and shall file a written guarantee or surety bond to that effect with the Village in an amount determined by the Village Board.
- (4) Whenever the Village Board shall find that any such work has become defective within one (1) year of the date of completion, it shall give written notice thereof to the contractor or to his/her surety stating the defect, the work to be done, the cost thereof and the period of time deemed by the Village Board to be reasonably necessary to complete said work. After receipt of such notice, the contractor or the surety must, within the time specified, repair the defect or indemnify the Village for the cost of doing the work as set forth in the notice.
- (5) An annual bond may be given under this Section covering all excavation work done by the principal for one (1) year beginning January 1, which shall be conditioned as specified above and in the amount determined by the Village Board as necessary to adequately protect the public and the Village.

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- (i) Public Utilities.** All public utilities as defined in Section 66.0801 and 196.01, Wis. Stats., are hereby required to be bound by the terms and conditions of this Section and Section 6-2-4, any and all subparagraphs thereunder, except that a Village public utility as defined within this Section shall not be required to post the indemnity bond.

State Law Reference: Sec. 66.0909, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 6-2-4 Regulations Governing Excavations and Openings.

- (a) Frozen Ground.** No openings in the streets, alleys, sidewalks or public ways shall be permitted between November 15th and April 1st except where it is determined by the Village Board or its designee to be an emergency excavation.
- (b) Protection of Public.**
- (1) Every opening and excavation shall be enclosed with sufficient barriers, signing, and such other traffic control devices as may be required by the Village Board or its designee, and in accordance with Section VI of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices. Sufficient warning lights shall be kept on from sunrise to sunset. No open flame warning devices shall be used. Except by special permission from the Director of Public Works, no trench shall be excavated more than two hundred fifty (250) feet in advance of pipe or conduit laying nor left unfilled more than five hundred (500) feet from where pipe or conduit has been laid.
 - (2) All necessary precautions shall be taken to guard the public effectively from accidents or damage to persons or property through the period of the work. Each person making such opening shall be held liable for all damages, including costs incurred by the Village in defending any action brought against it for damages, as well as cost of any appeal, that may result from the neglect by such person or his employees of any necessary precaution against injury or damage to persons, vehicles or property of any kind.
 - (3) Unless otherwise approved, a minimum of one (1) lane of traffic in each direction shall be provided. Every effort shall be made on the part of the permittee to provide reasonable access to all properties adjacent to his project. In the event traffic is limited to less than one (1) lane in each direction, a flagman or temporary traffic control signal shall be provided so as to safely cycle traffic in each direction past the work area.
 - (4) The permittee shall perform the work in such a manner so as not to disrupt the flow of traffic in the area or endanger the safety of workmen or passersby. It shall be the responsibility of the permittee to prevent traffic backup during construction operation. The permittee shall notify the Director of Public Works twenty-four (24) hours prior to commencement of excavation of the location and extent of the excavation, unless the excavation is an emergency excavation as identified in Section 6-2-4(b).

- (5) When the operations will result in the loss of any utility service to private properties, the private properties shall be notified in writing or by personal contact at least twelve (12) hours prior to the loss of service, unless the operations are part of an emergency excavation as defined in Section 6-2-4(g).

(c) Pavement Removal.

- (1) Removal of existing pavement shall be to neat, straight lines. The permittee shall make a final saw cut in the existing pavement after backfilling. Excavations shall be kept to the minimum possible and acceptable for the convenience and safe performance of his/her work and in accordance with all applicable codes and regulations.
- (2) If the pavement is damaged during excavation beyond the original saw cut lines, it shall be saw cut again along neat, straight lines. The finished saw cut shall leave a regular rectangular section for pavement replacement. Should the street opening occur within adjacent or close to an existing patch or require more than one (1) opening within a short distance, the permittee shall identify and locate the existing patches or additional openings on the permit application form. The Director of Public Works shall, on the basis of an on-site inspection, approximate the boundaries of the pavement replacement area.
- (3) Pavement replacement areas with the long dimension in the direction of travel shall have the long dimension parallel with the curb line or the direction of travel. Pavement replacement areas in concrete pavements shall be parallel with or at right angles to the direction of travel.
- (4) The Director of Public Works may order the permittee to remove and replace up to one (1) full lane width of pavement along the patched or excavated area. Special care shall be taken with concrete pavement to produce a vertical face on the existing concrete at the point of the saw cut to insure a full depth of concrete at the joint.

(d) Excavation.

- (1) All excavated material shall be piled in a manner such that pedestrian and motor traffic is not unnecessarily disrupted. Gutters shall be kept clear or other satisfactory provisions made for street drainage, and natural watercourses shall not be obstructed.
- (2) Excavated material to be used for backfilling of the trench must be so handled and placed as to be of as little inconvenience as practical to public travel and adjoining tenants.

(e) Backfilling.

- (1) All backfill material shall be free from cinders, ashes, refuse, vegetable or organic matter, boulders, rocks or stones greater than eight (8) inches in their greatest dimension, frozen lumps or other material which in, in the opinion of the Director of Public Works, is unsuitable.
- (2) In refilling the excavation, if there is not sufficient material excavated suitable for refilling, the deficiency shall be made up with material, approved prior to use by the Director of Public Works, hauled in.

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- (3) Wherever an excavation crosses an existing utility, pipe or other structure, backfill shall be carefully compacted in stages from the bottom of the excavation. Any sanitary sewer, storm sewer, water, telephone, natural gas or other service shall not be interrupted by the permittee. It shall be the permittee's responsibility to have the various utilities locate and mark their facilities prior to excavation.
 - (4) Mechanical compaction shall be used on all materials used for trench backfill. Each layer (12-inch maximum) shall be uniformly compacted to a dry density of at least ninety-five percent (95%) of the maximum dry density as determined by the Modified Proctor Test (ASTM-1557). Compaction or consolidation by flooding shall not be permitted.
 - (5) All excavations shall be subject to testing by the Village. Backfilled material not achieving the above compaction requirements shall be removed and recompacted by the permittee. The cost of any retesting shall be paid by the permittee.
 - (6) When the sides of the trench will not stand perpendicular, sheathing and braces shall be used to prevent caving. No timber, bracing, lagging, sheathing or other lumber shall be left in any trench. At no time shall any street pavements be permitted to overhang the excavation.
- (f) Notice.** It shall be the duty of the permittee to notify the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works and all public and private individuals, firms and corporations affected by the work to be done at least one (1) business day before such work is to commence. The Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works shall also be notified at least four (4) hours prior to backfilling and/or restoring the surface.
- (g) Pavement Replacement.**
- (1) Backfill material shall be left below the original surface to allow for four (4) inches of three (3) inch crushed stone and four (4) inches of three-quarter (3/4) inch crushed stone, plus the thickness of the required pavement structure. If paving will not occur as part of the initial street restoration operation, the balance of the opening to the original surface elevation shall be backfilled with compacted three-quarter (3/4) inch crushed stone.
 - (2) Bituminous pavement shall be placed the full depth of the existing pavement or two and one-half (2-1/2) inches, whichever is greater. Bituminous pavement shall be placed in a maximum of a one and one-half (1-1/2) inch base layer and a one (1) inch top layer, with each layer compacted to maximum density and shall consist of Wisconsin Department of Transportation Gradation No. 1 for the binder course and Wisconsin Department of Transportation No. 3 for the surface course. The finished surface shall be smooth and free of surface irregularities and shall match the existing pavement and any castings or street appurtenances. Allowable deviations shall be no more than one-quarter (1/4) inch as measured with a ten (10) foot straight edge.
 - (3) Concrete pavement shall be placed to the full depth of the existing pavement or seven (7) inches, whichever is greater. Concrete used shall not contain calcium

chloride. The surface shall be given a light broom finish. The edges shall be tooled to prevent spalling at the saw cut edge. The surface shall be evenly and completely sealed with a white pigmented curing compound. The surface shall be protected from traffic for a minimum of three (3) days. Tie bars shall be installed as directed by Village officials.

- (4) All permanent restoration of street, curb and gutter shall be of the same type and thickness as the curb and gutter which abuts. The grade of the restored curb and gutter shall conform with the grade of the existing adjacent curb and gutter.
 - (5) All permanent restoration of driveways and sidewalks shall conform to the manner of construction as originally placed and to the lines and grades as given by the Village Engineer. No patching of concrete driveway areas will be allowed between joints or dummy joints.
 - (6) In emergency excavations during winter months when it is not possible to replace the removed pavement with a like material, the excavation shall be temporarily resurfaced with a minimum of three (3) inches of cold mix bituminous material. This temporary wearing surface shall be compacted and rolled smooth. These temporary wearing surfaces shall be removed and replaced with material as specified above by not later than the following June 1st, except as provided above. Permanent pavements shall be replaced within sixty (60) days of the date of the permit.
 - (7) When a street is reconstructed, utility laterals shall also be installed, including sump pump laterals, even if not immediately needed.
- (h) Emergency Excavation.** In the event of an emergency, any person, firm or corporation owning or controlling any sewer, gas main, water main, conduit or other utility in or under any public street, alley easement, way or ground and his/her agents and employees make take immediate proper emergency measures to remedy dangerous conditions for the protection of property, life, health or safety without obtaining an excavation permit, provided that such person, firm or corporation shall apply for an excavation permit not later than the next business day and shall notify the Village office immediately.
- (i) Excavation in New Streets Limited.** Whenever the Village Board determines to provide for the permanent improvement or repaving of any street, such determination shall be made not less than thirty (30) days before the work of improvement or repaving shall begin. Immediately after such determination by the Village Board, the Clerk-Treasurer shall notify each person, utility or other agency owning or controlling any sewer, water main, conduit or other utility in or under said street or any real property abutting said street, that all such excavation work in such street must be completed within thirty (30) days. After such permanent improvement or repaving, no permit shall be issued to open or excavate said street for a period of five (5) years after the date of improvement or repaving unless, in the opinion of the Village Board or its designee, conditions exist which make it absolutely essential that the permit be issued. Every effort shall be made to place gas, electric, telephone and television cable lines in street terraces.

Repair by Village. The Village may elect to make the pavement repair for any street or sidewalk opening, in which case the cost of making such repair and of maintaining it for one (1) year shall be charged to the person making the street opening. In the event such charges are not paid within ninety (90) days of actual notice of the same having been furnished the applicant and owner of the premises for which said permit was issued, it shall become a lien against said premises and thereafter be assessed and collected as a special tax.

Sec. 6-2-5 Obstructions and Encroachments.

- (a) **Obstructions and Encroachments Prohibited.** No person shall encroach upon or in any way obstruct or encumber any street, alley, sidewalk, public grounds or land dedicated to public use, or any part thereof, or permit such encroachment or encumbrance to be placed or remain on any public way adjoining the premises of which he/she is the owner or occupant, except as provided in Subsections (b) and (c).
- (h) **Exceptions.** The prohibition of Subsection (a) shall not apply to the following:
- (1) Temporary encroachments or obstructions authorized by permit under Section 6-2-6 of this Section pursuant to Sec. 66.0425, Wis. Stats.
 - (2) Building materials for the period authorized by the Clerk-Treasurer which shall not obstruct more than one-half (1/2) of the sidewalk or more than one-third (1/3) of the traveled portion of the street and which do not interfere with the flow in the gutters.
 - (3) Excavations and openings permitted under Sections 6-2-3 and 6-2-4 of this Code.
- (c) **Standards.** Property owners may place certain fixtures on sidewalks which immediately adjoin their property if the following requirements are met:
- (1) The property must be located in an area used for commercial uses.
 - (2) The fixture(s) shall not be physically attached to the sidewalk, any street fixture or any adjacent building, and shall be of a temporary design.
 - (3) The placement of the fixture shall not significantly impede the flow of pedestrian traffic on the sidewalk. In no event shall the fixture reduce the unobstructed sidewalk width to less than three (3) feet at any point
- (d) **Removal by Village for Sidewalk Obstructions and Encroachments.** In addition to any other penalty imposed, if any Village enforcement official determines that a sidewalk is unlawfully obstructed in violation of this Section, he/she shall issue a written notice to the owner or occupant of the premises which adjoins the obstructed sidewalk directing that the obstruction be removed within twenty-four (24) hours.
- (e) **Removal by Village for Obstruction and Encroachments Located in the Village Streets, Alleys, Public Grounds or Lands Dedicated for Public Use.** In addition to any other penalty imposed, if any Village enforcement official determines that a Village street, alley, public grounds or land dedicated for public use is obstructed or encumbered, he/she

shall issue a written notice to the property owner of the premises which adjoin the obstructed public area directing that the obstruction be removed within twenty-four (24) hours.

(f) Failure to Remove Obstruction.

- (1) If the owner or occupant fails to remove the obstruction within the time period established in Section (d) or (e) respectively, any Village enforcement official shall cause the removal of the obstruction, keeping an account of the expense of the abatement, and such expenses shall be charged to and paid by such property owner. Notice of the bill for abatement of the obstruction shall be mailed to the owner of the premises and shall be payable within ten (10) calendar days from receipt thereof. Within sixty (60) days after such costs and expenses are incurred and remain unpaid, the Clerk-Treasurer shall enter those charges onto the tax roll as a special tax as provided by the State Statutes.
- (2) The failure of the Clerk-Treasurer to record such claim or to mail such notice or the failure of the owner to receive such notice shall not affect the right to place the Village expense on the tax rolls for unpaid bills for abating the obstruction as provided for in this Section.

Sec. 6-2-6 Street Privilege Permit.

- (a) When Required.** Permits for the use of the streets, alleys, sidewalks or other public ways or places of the Village may be granted to applicants by the Clerk-Treasurer or for the purpose of moving any building or structure or of encumbering the street, alley, sidewalk or way with materials necessary in and about the construction or demolition of any building or structure, provided such applicant has complied with the other requirements of this Section and has obtained a building permit if required by this Code of Ordinances. The Clerk-Treasurer shall request advisory recommendations from the Director of Public Works, Chief of Police and/or Building Inspector prior to issuance of the permit. Village officials may attach conditions to the permit, including proof of liability insurance.
- (b) Bond.** No street privilege permit shall be issued until the applicant shall execute and file with the Clerk-Treasurer a bond in an amount determined by the Director of Public Works not exceeding Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), conditioned that the applicant will indemnify and save harmless the Village from all liability for accidents or damage caused by reason of operations under said permit and will remove such encumbrance upon termination of the operations and will leave the vacated premises in a clean and sanitary condition and repair any and all damage to the streets, alleys, sidewalks or public property of the Village resulting from such building or moving operations. Upon request, the Village Board may waive this requirement.
- (c) Fee.** The fee for a street privilege permit shall be in the sum of Five Dollars (\$5.00), plus any actual Village costs.

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(d) **Conditions of Occupancy.** The permission to occupy or obstruct the streets, alleys, sidewalks or public grounds is intended only for use in connection with the actual erection, alteration, repair, removal or moving of buildings or structures and shall be given upon the following terms and conditions and subject to revocation without notice by the Village Board, Director of Public Works, Chief of Police, or Building Inspector for violation thereof:

- (1) Such temporary obstruction shall cover not more than one-third (1/3) of any street or alley.
- (2) Obstructions shall be sufficiently lighted at night so as to be in full view of the public from all directions.
- (3) Sidewalk traffic shall not be interrupted, but temporary sidewalks of not less than four (4) feet in width guarded by a closed fence at least four (4) feet high on both sides may be maintained during the period of occupancy.
- (4) The process of moving any building or structure shall be as continuous as practicable until completed and, if ordered by the Village Board, shall continue during all hours of the day and night.
- (5) No building or structure shall be allowed to remain overnight on any street crossing or intersection or so near thereto as to prevent easy access to any fire hydrant.
- (6) Buildings shall be moved only in accordance with the route prescribed by the Village Board.
- (7) Upon termination of the work necessitating such obstruction, all parts of the streets, alleys, sidewalks or public grounds occupied under the permit shall be vacated, cleaned of all rubbish and obstructions and placed in a safe condition for public travel at the expense of the pennittee.

(e)

Termination. All street privilege permits shall automatically terminate at the end of three (3) months from the date of issuance unless an earlier termination date is specified thereon at the discretion of the Clerk-Treasurer.

(f)

Removal by Village. In addition to any other penalty imposed, if the owner or occupant of the premises adjoining any lawfully obstructed sidewalk shall remove or neglect to remove such obstruction within twenty-four (24) hours after such notice from the Village Board to do so, it shall be the duty of the Village Board to remove such obstruction and make return of the costs and expenses thereof to the Clerk-Treasurer who shall enter such cost on the next annual tax roll as a special charge against the property abutting such obstructed sidewalk, and such sum shall be levied and collected as other special taxes

against real estate.

State Law Reference: Sec. 66.0425, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 6-2-7 Snow and Ice Removal.

(a) **Removal From Sidewalks.** Within twenty-four (24) hours after the cessation of any fall of sleet or snow, it shall be the duty of the owners and/or the occupants of any lot or parcel of land in the Village of Shiocton to remove, or cause to be removed, the snow or sleet

from any and all sidewalks adjacent to the premises of such owner or occupant, and to keep the same free and clear of snow and ice for the full width of the sidewalk.

- (b) Failure to Remove.** In case of failure or neglect of any owner or occupant of any land or parcel of land to remove the snow or sleet (ice) from sidewalks as specified in Subsection (a) within the time set forth in said Subsection and, after twenty-four (24) hours after the cessation of any fall of snow, the owner or occupant has failed to remove such snow from sidewalks as specified in Subsection (a), the Director of Public Works shall remove or cause the snow or sleet (ice) to be removed from any and all sidewalks and cross-sidewalks that may be so neglected by the owner or occupant, and a fee established by the Village Board shall be assessed against the owner or occupant for the cost and expense of moving such snow or sleet (ice). In the event a property owner has not paid all bills relating to ice or snow removal by the time that real estate taxes and other special charges are levied, the Clerk-Treasurer shall enter in the tax roll as a special tax against the real estate involved the total unpaid charges for ice and snow removal for the previous year. The ice and snow removal charges shall be collected in all respects like other taxes upon real estate and interest shall accrue thereon in like manner.
- (c) Snow and Ice Not to Encroach.** No person shall push, shove or in any way deposit any snow or ice onto any public streets, alley, sidewalk or public lands dedicated to public use except for parcels or lots located where existing buildings are constructed within five (5) feet of the street right-of-way and the sidewalks exist from the Village right-of-way to the curb line. In such instances, the owners, occupants and/or employees of parcels or lots shall be permitted to deposit snow and ice from their sidewalks onto the public streets. Failure to remove snow and ice within twenty-four (24) hours shall also constitute a public nuisance and subject responsible persons to the penalties applicable for violation of Village public nuisance ordinances.
- (d) Enforcement.** All sworn police officers and other designated Village officials and employees are hereby authorized and directed to enforce the provisions of this Section.
- (e) Continued Violations.** Each twenty-four (24) hour period where a violation occurs shall constitute a separate offense under this Section for enforcement purposes. Repeated violations or subsequent additional accumulations of snow and/or ice shall not nullify any pending notice issued under this Section. Failure to remove snow and ice within twenty-four (24) hours shall also constitute a public nuisance and subject responsible persons to the penalties applicable for violation of Village public nuisance ordinances.
- (f) Abatement After Notice.** Failure of the owner, occupant or person in charge of any parcel or lot to cause the removal of snow and/or ice within the time established under Subsection (a) shall result in a citation being issued to violators and/or the Village causing the removal of said snow and/or ice and billing the cost thereof pursuant to Subsection (g) below.
- (g) Expense.** An account of the expenses incurred by the Village to abate the snow and/or ice hazard shall be kept and such expenses shall be charged to and paid by the parcel or lot owner. Said expenses shall be not less than Thirty Dollars (\$30.00). Notice of the bill

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for the removal of snow and/or ice shall be mailed to the last-known address of the owner of the parcel or lot and shall be payable within ten (10) calendar days from the receipt thereof. Within thirty (30) days after such costs and expenses are incurred and remain unpaid, the Clerk-Treasurer shall enter those charges onto the tax roll as a special tax as provided by Sec. 66.0627, Wis. Stats.

- (h) **Penalty.** In addition to the provisions set forth in this Section, any person, firm or corporation which violates the provisions of this Section shall be subject to a penalty as provided in Section 1-1-6 of this Code of Ordinances.

State Law Reference: Secs. 66.0627, Wis. Stats,

Sec. 6-2-8 Terrace Areas.

- (a) **Definition.** The definition of "terrace" shall be as defined in Section 6-4-2(f).
- (b) **Noxious Weeds; Paving.** All that part of a residential terrace not covered by a sidewalk shall be kept free and clear of all noxious weeds and shall not be paved, surfaced or covered with any material which shall prevent the growth of plants and shall be maintained as a lawn, except in areas specifically approved by the Village Board or its designee. Basketball backstops, statuary, structures, flag poles and other objects shall not be placed in the terrace area.
- (c) **Responsibility to Maintain.** Every owner of land in the Village whose land abuts a terrace is required to maintain, or have maintained by his/her tenant, the terrace directly abutting such land as provided in this Section and elsewhere in this Code. Every owner shall keep mailboxes located on a terrace free and clear of snow.

Cross Reference: Title 6, Chapter 4.

Sec. 6-2-9 Vaults.

All vaults and cisterns under sidewalks shall be prohibited.

Sec. 6-2-10 Requests for Improvements.

Requests or petitions by Village property owners for new streets, street resurfacing, curb and gutter, storm sewers, utility work and sidewalks shall be presented to the Village Board on or before September 15th to be considered for installation in the following year.

Sec. 6-2-11 Unlawful Dumping on Streets.

It shall be unlawful for any person to deposit or cause to be deposited, dump, sort, scatter or leave any rubbish, stone, wire, earth, ashes, cinders, sawdust, hay, glass, manure, filth, paper, snow, ice, dirt, grass, leaves, construction waste, garbage or other offensive or noxious material in any public street, sidewalk, alley, or upon any public property or upon any property of another, without the express permission of the owner of occupant thereof. Such unlawful material or obstruction may be removed by the Village and the cost thereof billed to the violator pursuant to Sec. 66.0627, Wis. Stats.

Sec. 6-2-12 Obstruction of Public Ditches.

No person shall in any manner obstruct or cause to be obstructed the free passage of water in any public gutter, ditch, culvert, swale or drain or place or cause to be placed any rubbish, dirt, sand, gravel or any other matter or thing so that the same is likely to be carried by the elements into any public gutter, ditch, culvert, swale or drain. Such unlawful material or obstruction may be removed by the Village and the cost thereof billed to the violator pursuant to Sec. 66.60(16), Wis. Stats.

Sec. 6-2-13 Street Numbers.

(a) Numbering System Established. There is hereby established a uniform system of numbering houses and buildings fronting on all streets, avenues and publicways in the Village of Shiocton, and all houses and buildings shall be numbered in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

(b) Numbering to Begin at Base Line.

(1) **100 Numbers to Each Block.** The numbering for each street shall begin at the base line. The numbers within the first block shall be from one (1) to ninety-nine (99) and the numbers in each surrounding block shall increase from the base line in units of one hundred (100), namely, the first block shall be one hundred (100) to one hundred ninety-nine (199), the second block shall be two hundred (200) to two hundred ninety-nine (299), the third block shall be three hundred (300) to three hundred ninety-nine (399), etc. There shall be assigned one hundred (100) numbers to each block, square or space that would be one (1) block or square, if streets each way were so extended as to intersect each other, and one (1) number shall be assigned to each twenty-two (22) feet of frontage. In blocks or equivalent space longer than one thousand one hundred (1,100) feet which is not intersected by a street, if extended, the total length of space divided by fifty (50) shall be used to determine the feet of frontage assigned to each number.

- (2) **Blocks of Different Lengths.** Where blocks of different lengths occur on opposite sides of a street, the numbers on both sides shall be assigned on the basis of the shorter blocks, unless the Village Clerk-Treasurer otherwise determines.
- (c) **Entrances Requiring Numbers.** All lots and houses on the north and west side of all streets shall be numbered with odd numbers each commencing with the one hundred (100) assigned to that block, and shall increase from the base line one (1) number for each twenty-two (22) feet of frontage or fraction thereof, except as provided in Subsection (c). Where any building has more than one (1) door serving separate occupants, a separate number shall be assigned to each door serving a separate occupant, providing the building is twenty-two (22) feet or more in width. If the building is not twenty-two (22) feet or more in width and the entrances are not that far apart, the next consecutive number shall be marked fractionally. Buildings fronting on two (2) or more streets shall have a number assigned only to the main entrance, unless other entrances serve different occupants.
- (d) **Numbering on Streets Which Do Not Extend to the Base Line.** All streets not extending through to the base line shall be assigned the same relative numbers as if the said street had extended to the said base line.
- (e) **Survey and Placement of Numbers on Buildings.**
- (1) *Survey.* The Village Board shall cause the necessary survey to be made and there shall be assigned to each house and building located on any street, avenue, alley or highway in said Village, its respective number under the uniform system provided for in this Chapter. When the said survey shall have been completed and each house and building has been assigned its respective number or numbers, the owner, occupant or agent shall place or cause to be placed upon each house or building controlled by him/her the number or numbers assigned under the uniform system provided for in this Section.
 - (2) **Expense.** Such number or numbers shall be placed within twenty (20) days after the assigning of the proper number. The cost of the number or numbers or replacement of the number or numbers shall be paid for by the owner.
 - (3) **Specifications.** The numbers used shall not be less than two and one-half (2-1/2) inches in height. The numbers shall be conspicuously placed immediately above, on or at the side of the proper door of each building so that the number can be seen plainly from the street. Whenever any building is situated more than fifty (50) feet from the street line, the number of such building shall be conspicuously displayed at the street line, near the walk, driveway or common entrance to such building and upon the gatepost, fence, tree, post or other appropriate place so as to be easily discernable from the sidewalk.
- (f) **Distinctive Numbers for Portions of Buildings.** Where only one (1) number can be assigned to any house or building, the owner, occupant or agent of such house or building, who shall desire distinctive numbers for the upper and lower portion of any such house or building, or for any part of such house or building, fronting on any street, such owner, occupant or agent shall use the suffix "A", "B", "C", etc., as may be required.

- (g) **Plat Book.** For the purpose of facilitating a correct numbering, a plat book of all streets, avenues and public highways within the Village showing the proper numbers of all lots or houses fronting upon all streets, avenues or highways shall be kept on file in the office of the Village Clerk-Treasurer. These plats shall be open to inspection of all persons during the office hours of the Clerk-Treasurer.
- (h) **Building Inspector to Determine Numbers.** It shall be the duty of the Building Inspector to inform any party applying therefor of the number or numbers belonging or embraced within the limits of said lot or property as provided in this Section. In case of doubt as to the proper number to be assigned to any lot or building, the inspector shall determine the number of such lot or building.
- (i) **Duty of the Owner.** Whenever any house, building or structure shall be erected or located in the Village of Shiocton after the entire work of establishing a uniform system of house numbering has been completed, in order to preserve the continuity and uniformity of numbers of the houses, buildings and structures, it shall be the duty of the owner to secure the correct number or numbers as designated from the Building Inspector for the said property and to immediately fasten the said number or numbers so assigned upon said building as provided by this Section. No building permit shall be issued for any house, building or structure until the owner has procured from the inspector the official number of the premises.
- (j) **Violation.** If the owner or occupant of any building required to be numbered by this Section shall neglect for the period of twenty (20) days to duly attach and maintain the proper number on such building, the Director of Public Works shall serve upon him/her a notice requiring such owner or occupant, to properly number the same, and if he/she neglects to do so for ten (10) days after the service of such notice, he/she shall be deemed to have violated this Section and shall be subject to the penalty provisions of Section 1-1-6.

Sec, 6-2-14 Use and/or Lease of Village Equipment.

The Village of Shiocton shall not permit any person to use and/or lease any Village office or public works equipment for private purposes. An exception to this policy is that Village trucks may be left at private premises in order to facilitate the loading of brush and stones; such vehicles shall not be driven or operated by non-Village employees.

Sec. 6-2-15 Dirt and Debris on Streets.

- (a) In the interests of public safety, health and general welfare, community appearance, and efficiency of operation, it shall be unlawful to place, throw, leave, in any way deposit or permit to be deposited, or permit to remain any dirt, leaves, rubbish, litter, debris or

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material of any kind upon any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or public ground in the Village of Shiocton.

- (b) The owner, occupant, or person in charge of private premises, which places, causes or permits to remain, any of said materials upon any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway or public ground in the Village of Shiocton shall immediately remove said materials at no cost to the Village.
- (c)
 - (1) The operator of any motor vehicle which tracks, drops, or places any materials upon any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway or public ground in the Village of Shiocton shall immediately stop and remove said materials at no cost to the Village.
 - (2) In the event said operator is performing work under the control or authority of the owner, occupant, or person in charge of the work on private premises, and said operator causes the deposition of any materials upon any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or public ground in the Village of Shiocton, and which said operator fails to remove said materials as required in Section (c) above, the owner, occupant, or person in charge of said work on said private premises, shall remove said materials at no cost to the Village.
- (d) In the event the materials are not removed from the street in accordance with Subsections (b), (c), and/or (c)(1) above, the Village shall cause the removal of such materials and shall charge said operator, or said owner, occupant, or person in charge of said work the cost of the removal. In the event the person charged for said removal fails to pay such costs within thirty (30) days, it shall be entered on the tax roll as a special tax against said property.
- (e) In addition to the costs of removal, said operator, or said owner, occupant, or person in charge of said property shall be subject to a penalty per occurrence as prescribed in Section 1-1-6. Each day that said materials are not removed, shall constitute a separate offense under this Section.

Sec. 6-2-16 Damages to Streets and Public Property.

- (a) In the interests of public safety, health, general welfare, community appearance, and efficiency of operation, it shall be unlawful in any way to cause damage, injury, or destruction, to any portion or any fixture of any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or public ground in the Village of Shiocton.
- (b) The person which causes damage, injury, or destruction of any portion of any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or public ground in the Village of Shiocton shall immediately stop and notify the Police Department that he has caused such damages and shall correct said damages within ten (10) days at no cost to the Village.
- (c)
 - (1) In the event the operator of any motor vehicle or equipment which causes damage, injury, or destruction of any portion of any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or

public ground in the Village of Shiocton, fails to report such damage, it shall be considered a violation of this Section.

- (2) In the event said operator is performing work under the control or authority of the owner, occupant, or person in charge of the work on private premises, and said operator causes the damage of any portion or fixture of any street, sidewalk, alley, drainageway, or public ground in the Village of Shiocton, and which said operator fails to correct said damages as required in Section (c) above, the owner, occupant, or person in charge of said work on said private premises, shall correct said damages at no cost to the Village.
- (d) In the event the damages are not corrected within ten (10) days, the Village shall cause the correction of said damages and shall charge the operator, or owner, occupant, or person in charge of said property the cost of correcting the damage. In the event the said costs remain unpaid following thirty (30) days, it shall be entered on the tax roll as a special tax against said property.
- (e) In addition to the costs to correct damages, said operator, or said owner, occupant, or person in charge of said property shall be subject to a penalty per occurrence as prescribed in Section 1-1-6. Each day after said ten (10) days that the damages are not corrected, shall constitute a separate offense under this Section.

Sec. 6-2-17 Adoption of State Statutes Concerning Roads.

The statutory provisions in the following enumerated sections of the Wisconsin Statutes, exclusive of any provisions therein relating to the penalties to be imposed or the punishment for violation of said statutes, are hereby adopted and, by reference, made a part of this Section. Any act required to be performed or prohibited by any regulation incorporated herein by reference is required or prohibited by this Section. Any future amendments, revisions or modifications of the statutory regulations incorporated herein are intended to be made part of this Section.

- (a) Sec. 80.32 Highways, Discontinuance of.
- (b) Sec. 80.47 Streets, Right of Abutting Owners.
- (c) Sec. 81.15 Highways, Liability for Defects.
- (d) Sec. 86.03 Trees, On and Adjacent to Highways.
- (e) Sec. 86.04 Highway Encroachments
- (f) Sec. 86.05 Highways, Duty to Restore Entrances.
- (g) Sec. 86.06 Highways, Closing to Travel.
- (h) Sec. 86.07 Highways, Depositing Rubbish or Digging In.
- (i) Sec. 86.105 Driveways, Snow Removal.
- (j) Sec. 86.19 Highway Signs, Regulation, Prohibition.
- (k) Sec. 146.13 Highways and Surface Waters, Discharging Noxious Matter Into.

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Sec. 6-2-18 Grass Clippings.

All grass clippings from lawnmowing or other sources shall not be allowed to accumulate upon any public street or be dumped on a public right-of-way in such a manner in the Village of Shiocton where such grass clippings could wash into any storm sewer drainage inlet in significant quantities. Violators shall be subject to the general penalty provisions of Section 1-1-6.

Title 6 ▸ Chapter 3

Driveways

631 Driveway Location, Design and Construction Requirements

Sec 6-3-1 Driveway Location, Design and Construction Requirements.

(a) **General Requirements.** The location, design and construction of driveways shall be in accordance with the following:

- (1) **General Design.** Private driveways shall be of such width and so located that all of such driveways and their appurtenances are within the limits of the frontage abutting the street of the property served. Driveways shall not provide direct ingress or egress to or from any street intersection area and shall not encroach upon or occupy areas of the street right-of-way required for effective traffic control or for street signs or signals. A driveway shall be so located and constructed that vehicles approaching or using it shall have adequate sight distance along the street. Driveway approaches shall be at least ten (10) feet apart except by special permission from the Village Board, and driveways shall in all cases be placed wherever possible as not to interfere with utilities in place.
- (2) **Number.** The number of driveways to serve an individual property fronting on a street shall be one (1), except where deemed necessary and feasible by the Village Board for reasonable and adequate service to the property, considering the safety, convenience and utility of the street.
- (3) **Island Area.** The island area in the street right-of-way between successive driveways or adjoining a driveway and between the highway shoulder and right-of-way shall constitute a restricted area and may be filled in and graded only as provided in Subsection (a)(6).
- (4) **Drainage.** The surface of the driveway connecting with rural type street cross sections shall slope downward and away, from the highway shoulder a sufficient distance to preclude ordinary surface water drainage flowing onto the street roadbed.
- (5) **Reconstruction of Sidewalks and Curb and Gutter.** When the construction of a driveway requires the removal of a curb or gutter the new connections shall be of equivalent acceptable material and curb returns shall be provided or restored in a neat,

workmanlike manner. The driveway surface shall be connected with the highway pavement and the sidewalk, if any, in a neat, workmanlike manner. The driveway apron from the street and/or curb to the outer edge of the adjacent sidewalk (or where a sidewalk would typically be constructed) shall be paved. The driveway construction shall include the replacement of such sidewalk areas which are inadequate or which are or may be damaged by means of vehicle travel across the sidewalk. Reconstructed or new sidewalks across driveways shall meet the construction standards of Section 6-2-2.

- (6) **Restricted Areas.** The restricted area between successive driveways may be filled in and graded only when the following requirements are complied with:
 - a. The filling or draining shall be to grades approved by the Village and, except where highway drainage is by means of curb and gutter, water drainage of the area shall be directed away from the street roadbed in a suitable manner.
 - b. Culvert extensions under the restricted area shall be of the same size and of equivalent acceptable material as the culvert under the driveway. Intermediate manholes adequate for cleanout purposes may be required where the total culvert length is excessive.
 - c. Where no street side ditch separates the restricted area from the street roadbed, permanent provision may be required to separate the area from the street roadbed to prevent its use for driveway or parking purposes by construction of a border, curb, rail or posts as may be required by the Village Board.
 - (7) **Relocation of Utilities.** Any costs of relocating public utilities shall be the responsibility of the property owner with approval of the Village Board or authorized committee thereof necessary before any utility may be relocated and the driveway installed.
 - (8) **Construction Across Sidewalks.** All driveway entrances and approaches which are constructed across sidewalks shall be of concrete constructed in accordance with the requirements for sidewalk construction in Section 6-2-2 of this Code insofar as such requirements are applicable, including thickness requirements.
 - (9) **Variances.** Any of the above requirements may be varied by the Village Board in such instances where the peculiar nature of the property or the design of the street may make the rigid adherence to the above requirements impossible or impractical.
- (b) **Special Requirements for Commercial and Industrial Driveways.** The following regulations are applicable to driveways serving commercial or industrial establishments:
- (1) **Width of Drive.** No part of a private driveway located within the dedicated area of a public street shall, except as hereinafter provided, have a width greater than thirty-five (35) feet measured at right angles to the center line of said driveway, except as increased by permissible radii. In instances where the nature of the commercial or industrial activity or the physical characteristics of the land would require a driveway of greater width than herein specified, the Village Board in its discretion may permit a driveway of additional width.

- (2) **Angular Placement of Driveway.** The angle between the center line of the driveway and the curb line shall not be less than 45°.
 - (3) **Island Areas.** Where the public sidewalk is adjacent to the curb, an island of a minimum length of six (6) feet measured along the curb line shall be placed between each entrance to a Village street. The curb shall be left intact for the length of this island. Where the public sidewalk is remote from the curb, an island of a minimum length of ten (10) feet measured along the right-of-way line shall be maintained along each entrance to the Village street. All flares shall be tangent to the curb line. A curb length of not less than three (3) feet shall be left undisturbed adjacent to each property line to serve as an island area in the event an adjoining property owner applies for a driveway permit to serve his property.
- (c) **Special Requirements for Residential Driveways.** The following regulations are applicable to driveways serving residential property:
- (1) **Width of Driveways.** Openings for vehicular ingress and egress shall be at least ten (10) feet wide at the property line for residential properties, but shall not exceed twenty-four (24) feet at the property line and thirty-five (35) feet at the curb opening.
 - (2) **Angular Placement.** The center line of the drive may be parallel to the property line of the lot where access is required or at right angles to the curb line.
- (d) **Appeal from Permit Refusal.** Any person feeling himself/herself aggrieved by the refusal of the Clerk-Treasurer or Director of Public Works to issue a permit for a private driveway may appeal such refusal to the Village Board within twenty (20) days after such refusal to issue such permit is made.
- (e) **Prohibited Driveways.**
- (1) No person, firm or corporation shall place, construct, locate in, or cause to be placed, constructed or located in, any obstruction or structure within the limits of any public road, highway or street in the Village of Shiocton except as permitted by this Section. As used herein the word "structure" includes private driveways, a portion of which extends into any public road, highway or street, and which is in non-conformance with this Chapter.
 - (2) No driveway shall be closer than ten (10) feet to the extended street line at an intersection. At street intersections a driveway shall not provide direct ingress or egress to or from the street intersection area and shall not occupy areas of the roadway deemed necessary by the Village for effective traffic control or for highway signs or signals.
 - (3) The grade of that portion of any private driveway or pedestrian path located within the limits of any public road, highway or street shall be such as shall meet the grade of the existing public roadway at its edge and not cause an obstruction to the maintenance or clearing of such public roadway.
 - (4) No driveway apron shall extend out into the street further than the facing of the curb and under no circumstances shall such driveway apron extend into any gutter area.

All driveway entrances and approaches shall be constructed as not to interfere with the drainage of streets, side ditches or roadside areas, or with any existing structure on the right-of-way.

- (5) No portion of any curb, parapet or retaining wall, rising above the grade of the driveway, erected by the owner of the premises involved shall extend beyond the culvert spanning the water course located in such public way.

(0) Culvert Construction and Standards.

- (1) **Size.** Culverts shall be installed prior to construction work being commenced on the property served. No pipe smaller than twelve (12) inches in diameter (or equivalent elliptical or arch pipe) will be allowed. All culverts shall be constructed of galvanized steel or reinforced concrete, and shall be made of new manufacture, unless specifically excepted by the Director of Public Works or Village Engineer in the case of quality used culverts. PVC plastic culverts may only be used if a ditch is twelve (12) inches or less in depth.
- (2) **Gauge.** The minimum wall thickness for the galvanized steel pipe culverts shall be in accordance with the following:

Pipe Diameter	Gauge
15 to 24 inch	16
30 to 36 inch	14
42 to 54 inch	12
60 to 72 inch	10
78 to 84 inch	8

The class of reinforced concrete pipe shall be in accordance with the following:

Height of Cover (in feet)	Class of Pipe
0-2	IV
2-3	III
3-6	II

- (3) **Drainage.** The culverts shall be placed in the ditchline at elevations that will assure proper drainage.
- (4) **Endwalls.** Culverts shall be provided with earthen or metal apron endwalls as directed by the Village Engineer or Director of Public Works. Concrete endwalls are not permitted.
- (5) **Backfill Material.** Material used for backfill shall be of quantity acceptable to the Village Engineer or Director of Public Works, and shall be free from frozen lumps,

wood, or other extraneous or perishable materials. The minimum cover, measured from the top of the pipe to the top of the subgrade, shall be six (6) inches.

- (6) **Erosion Control.** Erosion control measures shall be implemented as necessary to control erosion, or as directed by the Village Engineer or Director of Public Works.
- (7) **Distance.** The distance between culverts under successive driveways shall not be less than ten (10) feet except as such restricted area is permitted to be filled pursuant to Subsection (a)(6).
- (8) **Cost.** The property owner shall install the culvert and be responsible for the cost thereof. The property owner shall keep his culverts unobstructed and clean.
- (9) **Appeal.** Persons may request a variance from the culvert requirements of this Section by filing a written appeals request with the Village Clerk-Treasurer, who shall place the matter as an agenda item for the Village Board's next meeting. The Village Board may only waive the requirement for a culvert upon a finding that unique physical characteristics of the location in question render a culvert unnecessary. The Village Engineer or Director of Public Works may be asked to render an opinion on the request.

Title 6 › Chapter 4

Trees and Shrubs

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Sec. 6-4-1 Statement of Policy and Applicability of Chapter.

- (a) **Intent and Purpose.** It is the policy of the Village of Shiocton to regulate and establish policy for the control of planting, removal, maintenance and protection of trees and shrubs in or upon all public areas and terrace areas of the Village to eliminate and guard against dangerous conditions which may result in injury to persons using the streets, alleys, sidewalks or other public areas; to promote and enhance the beauty and general welfare of the Village; to prohibit the undesirable and unsafe planting, removal, treatment and maintenance of trees and shrubs located in public areas; and to guard all trees and shrubs both public and private within the Village against the spread of disease, insects or pests.
- (b) **Application.** The provisions of this Chapter shall apply to trees and shrubs growing or hereafter planted in or upon public areas and terrace areas and also to all trees and shrubs growing or to be planted in or upon any private premises which shall threaten the life, health, safety or welfare of the public or of any public areas.

Sec. 6-4-2 Definitions.

Whenever the following words or terms are used in this Chapter, they shall be construed to have the following meanings:

- (a) **Person.** "Person" shall mean person, firm, association or corporation.
- (b) **Public Areas.** "Public Areas" includes all public parks and other lands owned, controlled or leased by the Village except the terrace areas.
- (c) **Public Trees and Shrubs.** "Public Trees and Shrubs" means all trees and shrubs located or to be planted in or upon public areas.
- (d) **Public Nuisance.** "Public Nuisance" means any tree or shrub or part thereof which, by reason of its condition, interferes with the use of any public area; infected with a plant disease; infested with injurious insects or pests; injurious to public improvements or endangers the life, health, safety or welfare of persons or property.
- (e) **Boulevard or Terrace Areas.** "Boulevard or Terrace Areas" means the land between the normal location of the street curbing and sidewalk. Where there is no sidewalk, the area four (4) feet from the curb line shall be deemed to be a boulevard for the purpose of this Chapter. "Boulevard" shall have the same meaning as "terrace." Where there are only sidewalks, the area four (4) feet from the curb shall be deemed boulevard areas under this Chapter.
- (f) **Major Alteration.** Trimming a tree beyond necessary trimming to comply with this Chapter.
- (g) **Shrubs.** "Shrubs" shall mean any woody vegetation or a woody plant having multiple stems and bearing foliage from the ground up.
- (h) **Tree.** "Tree" shall mean any woody plant, normally having one stem or trunk bearing its foliage or crown well above ground level to heights of sixteen feet or more.
- (i) **Evergreen Tree.** "Evergreen Tree" shall mean any woody plant normally having one stem or trunk and bearing foliage in the form of needles and crowns which extend from ground level throughout its entire height.
- (j) **Forester.** Person or Village employee designated by the Village Board as authorized to carry out provisions of this Chapter. The Village Board may designate a municipal employee or citizen to perform the duties of Forester under Chapter 27, Wis. Stats., and may authorize such Forester to perform the duties and exercise the powers imposed on the Village Board by this Chapter. The Village Forester shall annually be appointed by the Village President, subject to Board confirmation, at the Board's organizational meetings. Such duties may be assigned to the Director of Public Works or Weed Commissioner.

Sec. 6-4-3 Authority of Village Forester to Enter Private Premises.

The Village Forester or his/her authorized representative may enter upon private premises at all reasonable times for the purpose of examining any tree or shrub located upon or over such premises and carrying out any of the provisions of this Chapter.

Sec. 6-4-4 Interference with the Village Forester Prohibited.

No person shall interfere with the Village Forester or his/her authorized representative while they are engaged in carrying out any work or activities authorized by this Chapter.

Whenever the following words or terms are used in this Chapter, they shall be construed to have the following meanings:

Sec. 6-4-5 Abatement of Tree Disease Nuisances.

- (a) **Dutch Elm and Other Tree Diseases a Public Nuisance.** Whereas the Village Board has determined that there are many trees growing on public and private premises within the Village, the loss of which would substantially depreciate the value of public and private property, impair the use and enjoyment of public and private premises and erode the tax base of the Village, and that the health and life of such trees is threatened by fatal diseases such as Dutch Elm disease, which is spread by the elm bark beetles *Scolytus multistriatus* (Eichb.) or *Hylurgopinus rufipes* (Marsh.), the Village Board hereby declares its intention to control and prevent the spread of such disease and the insect pests and vectors which carry such diseases and specifically declares Dutch Elm disease and the elm bark beetles which carry such disease to be public nuisances.
- (b) **Definitions.** As used in this Section, unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context:
- (1) "Public Nuisance" in this Chapter means:
 - a. Fatal or deleterious tree diseases.
 - b. Elm bark beetles *Scolytus multistriatus* (Eichb.) or *Hylurgopinus rufipes* (Marsh.); Dutch Elm disease.
 - c. Any living or standing elm tree or part thereof infected with the Dutch Elm disease fungus or in a weakened condition which harbors any of the elm bark beetles, *Scolytus multistriatus* (Eichb.) or *Hylurgopinus rufipes* (Marsh.).
 - d. Any dead elm tree or part thereof, including logs, branches, stumps, firewood or other elm material from which the bark has not been removed and burned or sprayed with an effective elm bark beetle destroying concentrate.
 - e. Any other deleterious or fatal tree disease.
 - f. Any tree or part thereof which by reason of its condition and location is hazardous or dangerous to persons and property using or upon any public street, sidewalk, alley, park or other public or private place, including the terrace strip between curb and lot line.
 - g. Any tree or part thereof which is infested by the eastern tent caterpillar or other defoliating larvae.
 - (2) "Public property" means owned or controlled by the Village, including without limitation because of enumeration, public sites, parks, playgrounds, streets, alleys, sidewalks, boulevards, and the terrace strip between the lot line and the curb or improved portion of any public way.
 - (3) "Person" means person, firm or corporation.
- (c) **Inspection.**
- (1) The Village Forester shall inspect or cause to be inspected all premises and places within the Village to determine whether any public nuisance exists thereon. He/she shall also inspect or cause the inspection of any elm tree reported or suspected to be infested with the Dutch Elm disease or any elm bark bearing materials reported or suspected to be infested with elm bark beetles.

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- (2) Whenever necessary to determine the existence of Dutch Elm disease or elm bark beetles in any tree, the person inspecting such tree shall remove or cut specimens from the tree in such manner as to avoid fatal injury thereto and deliver such specimens to the Forester who shall forward them to the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture at Madison for analysis to determine the presence of such nuisances.
- (3) The Forester and his/her agents or employees shall have authority to enter upon private premises at reasonable times for the purpose of carrying out any of the provisions of this Section.

(d) Abatement of Nuisances; Duty of Forester.

- (1) Following authorization by the Village Board, the Forester shall order, direct, supervise and control the abatement of public nuisances as defined in this Section by spraying, removal, burning or by other means which he/she determines to be necessary to prevent as fully as possible the spread of Dutch Elm disease fungus, other deleterious tree diseases or the insect pests or vectors known to carry such diseases.
- (2) Whenever the Forester after inspection or examination shall determine that a public nuisance as herein defined exists on public property in the Village, the Forester shall immediately abate or cause the abatement of such nuisance in such manner as to destroy or prevent as fully as possible the spread of Dutch Elm disease, other deleterious tree diseases, or the insect pests or vectors known to carry such disease fungus.
- (3) a. When the Forester shall determine with reasonable certainty that a public nuisance exists upon private premises, the Forester shall immediately serve or cause to be served personally or by registered mail upon the owner of such property, if the owner can be found, or upon the occupant thereof, a written notice of the existence of such nuisance and of a time and place for a hearing, not less than fourteen (14) days after service of such notice, on the abatement action to be taken. Such notice shall describe the nuisance and recommend procedures for its abatement, and shall further state that unless the owner shall abate the nuisance in the manner specified in the notice, or shall appear at the hearing to show that such nuisance does not exist or does not endanger the health of trees in the Village, the Forester shall cause the abatement thereof at the expense of the property served. If the owner cannot be found, such notice shall be given by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the Village.
- b. If, after hearing held pursuant to this Subsection, it shall be determined by the Village Board that a public nuisance exists, it shall forthwith order the immediate abatement thereof. Unless the property owner abates the nuisance as directed within five (5) days after such hearing, the Forester shall proceed to abate the nuisance and cause the cost thereof to be assessed against the property in accordance with the procedures provided in this Section. The Forester may extend the time allowed the property-owner for abatement work but not to exceed ten (10) additional days.

(e) Spraying.

- (1) Whenever the Forester shall determine that any tree or part thereof is infected with a deleterious or fatal tree disease or is in a weakened condition or harbors elm bark beetles, the Forester may cause all trees within a one thousand (1,000) foot radius thereto to be sprayed with an effective disease destroying concentrate or other insecticide, following prior authorization by the Village Board.
- (2) In order to facilitate the work and minimize the inconvenience to the public of any spraying operations conducted under this Section, the Forester shall cause to be given advance public notice of such operations by newspaper, radio, television, public service announcements or other effective means and shall also cause the posting of appropriate warning notices in the areas and along the streets where trees are to be sprayed at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of spraying. When any residue or concentrate from municipal spraying operations can be expected to be deposited on any public street, the Forester shall also notify the Director of Public Works who shall take all necessary steps to make and enforce temporary parking and traffic regulations on such streets as conditions require. Temporary "no parking" notices shall be posted in each block of any affected street at least twenty-four (24) hours in advance of spraying operations.
- (3) When appropriate warning notices and temporary "no parking" notices have been given and posted in accordance with Subsection (b) of this Section, the Village shall not allow any claim for damages to any vehicle caused by such spraying operations.
- (4) When trees on private property are to be sprayed, the Forester shall notify the owner of such property and proceed in accordance with the requirements of Subsection (d)(3).

Sec. 6-4-6 Assessment of Costs of Abatement.

- (a) Public Premises.** The entire cost of abating any public nuisance or spraying any elm tree, or part thereof, when done at the direction of the Forester shall be borne by the Village as to any growth, tree or shrub located upon property owned by the Village. The abating of a public nuisance or spraying elm trees or elm wood located upon a terraced strip between the lot line and the curb shall be considered private property.
- (b) Private Premises.** The cost of abating a public nuisance or spraying diseased trees located on private premises when done at the direction and' under the supervision of the Forester shall be assessed to the property on which such nuisance, tree or wood is located as follows:
 - (1) The Forester shall keep a strict account of the cost of such work or spraying and the amount chargeable to each lot or parcel and shall report such work, charges, description .of lands to which charged and, pames and addresses of the owners of such lands to the Village Board on or before October 15 of each year.

- (2) Upon receiving the Forester's report, the Village Board, or a designated standing committee thereof, shall hold a public hearing on such proposed charges, giving at least fourteen (14) days' advance notice of the time, place and purpose of such hearing to interested persons by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the municipality and by mail to the owner of each property proposed to be charged. Each property owner shall be notified of the amount proposed to be assessed against his premises and the work for which such charge is being made.
- (3) After such hearing, the Village Board, or a designated standing committee thereof, shall affirm, modify and affirm or disapprove such assessments by resolution and shall cause a copy thereof to be published. Upon adoption and publication of such resolution, assessments made thereby shall be deemed final.
- (4) The Village Clerk-Treasurer shall mail notice of the amount of such final assessment to each owner of property assessed at his last-known address, stating that, unless paid within thirty (30) days of the date of the notice, such assessment will be entered on the tax roll as a tax against the property, and all proceedings in relation to the collection, return and sale of property for delinquent real estate taxes shall apply to such assessment.
- (5) The Village hereby declares that, in making assessments under this Section, it is acting under its police power, and no damages shall be awarded to any owner for the destruction of any diseased or infested tree or wood or part thereof.

Sec. 6-4-7 Planting of Trees and Shrubs.

(a) Purpose.

- (1) **Generally.** The Village Board hereby states its determination that the planting, care and protection of the trees within the Village is desirable for the purposes of beauty, shade, comfort, noise abatement and economic betterment, and hereby encourages all persons to assist in a program of tree planting, care and protection.
- (2) **Permit Required.** No person except upon order of the Village Forester shall plant, transplant, move, spray, brace, trim, prune, cut above or below ground, disturb, alter or do surgery on a public tree or shrub in the Village, or cause such act to be done by others, without first getting a written permit for such work from the Village Forester as herein provided.
- (3) **Exemptions.** No permit shall be required to cultivate, fertilize, perform minor cutting or pruning or watering of public trees or shrubs.
- (4) **Requirements and Conditions of Permits.** If the Village Forester determines that the proposed work or planning described in an application for a permit is necessary and in accord with the purposes of this Chapter, taking into account the safety, health and welfare of the public, location of utilities, public sidewalks, driveways and street lights, general character of the area in which the tree or shrub is located or proposed

to be located, type of soil, characteristics and physiological needs of the species or variety of trees or shrub, he/she shall issue a permit to the applicant upon presentation of the receipt of the Village Clerk-Treasurer showing payment of the required fee. As a condition of granting any permit to remove the public tree or shrub, the Village Forester may require that the permittee plant one (1) or more trees or shrubs in place of the one removed, and no permittee under such a conditional permit, shall fail, refuse or neglect to plant trees or shrubs of the type, size and location specified in his permit.

- (5) **Form, Expiration and inspection.** Every permit shall be issued by the Village Forester on forms prepared by him/her shall include a description of the work to be done and shall specify the species or variety, size, nursery grade and location of trees or shrubs to be planted, if any. Any work done under such permit must be performed in strict accordance with the terms thereof and the provisions of this Chapter. Permits issued under this Chapter shall expire six (6) months after date of issue.
 - (6) **Fee.** The fee for a permit shall be Two Dollars (\$2.00).
 - (7) **Permits to Public Utilities.** Whenever a permit is issued under this Chapter to a public utility to move, trim, prune, cut, disturb, alter or do surgery on any public tree or shrub, the Village Forester shall limit the work to be done to the actual necessities of the utility and may assign an inspector to supervise the work done under the provisions of the permit, and the expense of such inspection or supervision shall be charged to the utility.
 - (8) **House Moving Permits.** No person shall move any building, structure or object exceeding thirteen (13) feet in height or width upon, over or along any public right-of-way or other public place without first obtaining a written permit from the Village Forester who may require the applicant to furnish a bond or cash deposit to cover the cost of repairing or replacing any public trees or shrubs which are injured as a result of the moving operations, specify the route to be taken and impose any other conditions reasonably necessary for the protection of nearby public trees from injury. Permits under this Chapter shall expire thirty (30) days after date of issue.
- (b) **Tree Planting Program.** The Village Forester shall recommend to the Village Board a program for tree planting, care and protection for public parks. The Board shall also encourage the planting, care and protection of trees and shrubs on private premises within the Village.
- (c) **Cottonwood and Box Elder Trees Prohibited.** No person shall plant within the Village of Shiocton any female tree of the species *Populus Deltoides*, commonly called the "Cottonwood," or any tree commonly called the seed-bearing Box Elder *Acer Negundo*, which may now or hereafter become infested with Box Elder Bugs, and such trees are hereby declared a nuisance. Any person planting any such trees on his/her premises shall cause the same to be removed. If any owner shall fail to remove any such tree within thirty (30) days after receiving written notice from the Village Forester, the Village shall cause the removal of such tree and report the full cost thereof to the Village Clerk-

Treasurer who shall place such charge upon the next tax roll as a special charge against the premises.

(d) Planting of Certain Trees Restricted. Except in public parks, no person shall hereafter plant any Catalpa, Chinese Elm, White Poplar, Weeping Willow, Evergreen, Lombardy Poplar, Silver Maple, or any fruit or nut tree in or upon any public street, parkway, terrace or other public place within the Village of Shiocton unless he/she shall first secure written permission from the Village Forester, who shall not approve any such planting if, in his/her opinion, said tree will constitute a nuisance to the public or adjoining property owners or interfere with the safety of the public or the operation of any sewer or water system. The Village Forester shall cause the removal of any tree planted in violation of this Subsection.

(e) Planting.

- (1)** a. All new street trees must be selected from a list of approved trees compiled by the Village Forester. No other species may be planted without the written approval of the Village Forester. New trees must be single stemmed with a minimum diameter of one and one-quarter (1-1/4) inches measured at six (6) inches above ground level.
 - b. The tree shall be planted in a well prepared hole at the same depth as it was originally growing. All trees less than twelve (12) feet high shall be staked. All trees twelve (12) feet or more in height shall be supported by guy wires in such a way as not to injure the bark. The support shall be removed after a year.
 - c. The tree shall be kept well watered and mulched or cultivated in a two (2) foot diameter around its base to conserve moisture and as a protection from lawn mower damage.
 - d. The good health of all trees planted hereunder shall be guaranteed for one (1) year by the applicant, after which time such trees shall become the property of the Village.
- (2)** Where required, curbs and sidewalks must be installed prior to street tree planting. Distance between the face of the curb and the outer edge of the sidewalk must be at least four (4) feet. Trees must be planted half way between the sidewalk and curb unless underground utilities prevent such planting. No tree shall be planted closer than two (2) feet from the curb.
- (3)** Trees may *not* be planted in the terrace closer than:
 - a. Twenty (20) feet to a utility or street lighting pole.
 - b. Fifteen (15) feet to a driveway or alley.
 - c. Fifteen (15) feet to a fire hydrant, water stop box or gas shut-off. If possible, allow more distance than fifteen (15) feet.
 - d. Twenty-five (25) feet to the intersection of two (2) streets from either corner measured on the property line.
 - e. Twenty-five (25) feet to another tree.. [If the other tree is an elm or other species which is damaged, injured or diseased and likely to be removed in the future, then a thirty-five (35) foot distance to the next nearest healthy tree will prevail.]

- (4) New street trees shall not be planted over an existing tree stump within two (2) years of removal unless the stump is removed to a depth of four (4) feet.
 - (5) The property owner has the responsibility to locate underground utilities before digging.
 - (6) Evergreen trees shall not be planted in a terrace area.
- (f) Unlawfully Planted Trees.** Trees, plants or shrubs planted within any terrace or planting easement without the authorization and approval of the Forester may be removed. The Forester shall notify the abutting owner in writing, listing the unlawfully planted trees, plants or shrubs, ordering their removal, and establishing a reasonable time within which such removal shall be accomplished. In the event that removal is not to be accomplished within the time specified, the Village may remove such trees, plants or shrubs and assess the costs thereof to the owner.
- (g) Frames.** Any person, adjacent to whose land ,any shade or ornamental tree or shrub is growing in any street, may, for the propose of protecting such tree or shrub, surround the same with a suitable box or frame for protection, but all such work shall be performed under the supervision and direction of the Village Forester.
- (h) Acceptable Trees.** Certain plants are more suited than others to provide these benefits under various landscape conditions. The lists following provide a range of sizes and tree variety; they are not inclusive of *all* the better plants but are representative of them.
- (1) Alder, Black (*Alnus glutinosa*)
 - (2) Alder, Speckled (*Alms rugosa*)
 - (3) Ash, Green (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*), and Ash, White especially the seedless cultivars (e.g., Marshall's Seedless, Tatmore, Urbanite); vastly overplanted
 - (4) Birch, River (*Betula nigra*), especially Heritage
 - (5) Cherry, Sargent (*Prunus sargentii*)
 - (6) Chokecherry, Schubert (*Prunus virginiana* "Schubertii")
 - (7) Corktree, Amur (*Phellodendron amurense*)
 - (8) Corktree, Sakhalin (*Phellodendron sakhalinense*)
 - (9) Dogwood, Kousa (*Corpus kousa*)
 - (10) Dogwood, Corrclian cherry (*Corpus mas*)
 - (11) Elm, Chinese (*Ulmus parvifolia*; *not* Siberian elm)
 - (12) Ginkgo (*Ginkgo biloba*), male clones only
 - (13) Hackberry (*Celtis occidentalis*), esp. Chicagoland, Prairie Pride and Windy City
 - (14) Honeylocust, Thornless Common (*Gleditsia triacanthos inermis*), many cultivars available; vastly overused; would discourage continued planting
 - (15) Hornbeam, American (*Carpinus caroliniana*)
 - (16) Hornbeam, European (*Carpinus betulus*)
 - (17) Hophombeam, American (*Ostrya virginiana*)
 - (18) Katsuratree (*Cercidiphyllum japonicum*),
 - (19) Linden, Crimean (*Tilia X euchiora*), esp.
 - (20) Linden, Littleleaf (*Tilia cordata*), esp. Glenleven, Greenspire and June Bride

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- (21) Linden, Silver (*Tilia tomentosa*)
- (22) Maple, Hedge (*Acer campestre*)
- (23) Maple, Taperbark (*Acer griseum*)
- (24) Maple, Three-flower (*Acer triflorum*)
- (25) Maple, Miyabe (*Acer miyabei*)
- (26) Maple, Norway (*Acer platanoides*), esp. Cleveland, Emerald Queen, Schwedler, Summershade and Superform. May be too big for many areas; too shady, often preventing lawn growth
- (27) Maple, Red (*Acer rubrum*), esp. Autumn Blaze, Marmo, Morgan, Northwood, October Glory and Red Sunset
- (28) Maple, Sycamore (*Acer pseudoplatanus*)
- (29) Maple, Tartarian (*Acer tataricum*)
- (30) Maple, Purpleblow (*Acer truncatum*)
- (31) Oak, Bur (*Quercus macrocarpa*)
- (32) Oak, English (*Quercus robur*)
- (33) Oak, Pin
- (34) Oak, Red (*Quercus rubra* or *Q. borealis*)
- (35) Pear, Callery (*Pyrus calleryana*), esp. Chanticleer and Fauriei [cultivars such as Bradford and Aristocrat are proving to be landscape liabilities as they age beyond fifteen (15) years]

Sec. 6-4-8 Trimming.

- (a) Prior to major trimming activity involving a public tree, the permit requirements of Section 6-4-7(a) shall be complied with. Any person growing a tree, plant or shrub on any private property abutting on public streets or public places shall:
 - (1) Trim them so as not to be a hazard to persons using the streets or to interfere with the proper lighting of the streets.
 - (2) Treat or remove any tree, plant or shrub which the Village Forester shall determine is diseased or insect-ridden or a hazard to persons using the streets.
 - (3) Remove and refrain from planting any tree, plant or shrub designated by the Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade and Consumer Protection and published in its regulations to be a host or carrier of a dangerous plant disease or insect pest.
- (b) Owners of any property may arrange to have any tree, plant or shrub sprayed, trimmed or removed by the Village and pay for such service at the rates established by the Village Board.
- (c) Trees and shrubs standing in or upon any boulevard, public area or upon any private premises adjacent to any public right-of-way or public areas shall be kept trimmed by their owner (or adjacent property owner) so that the lowest branches projecting over the public street or alley provide a clearance of not less than fourteen (14) feet. The Village Forester

may waive the provisions of this Section for newly planted trees if he determines that they do not interfere with public travel, obstruct the light of any street light or endanger public safety.

- (d) The necessity of the pruning may be determined by the Village Forester.
- (e) Clearance from sidewalk to lower branches shall not be less than seven (7) feet. All trees standing upon private property in the Village, the branches of which extend over the line of the street, shall be trimmed so that no branch shall grow or hang over the line of the sidewalk lower than seven (7) feet above the level of the sidewalk. No tree shall be permitted to grow in such a manner as to obstruct the proper diffusion of light from any public lamp.
- (f) Trimming or pruning of more than two-thirds (2/3) of the crown shall be considered to be a major alteration and shall require authorization from the Village Forester.

Sec. 6-4-9 Trees and Shrubbery Obstructing View at Intersection or View of Traffic Signs.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, no person shall maintain, plant or permit to remain on any private or public premises situated at the intersection of two (2) or more streets or alleys in the Village any hedge, tree, shrub or other growth which may obstruct the view of the operator of any motor vehicle or pedestrian approaching such intersection.
- (b) It is unlawful for any person to plant, cause to grow, allow to grow or maintain any trees, bushes, shrubbery or vegetation of any kind which is an obstruction to the clear and complete vision of any traffic sign or driveway approach to a street in the Village. It shall be the duty of every owner of such tree, bush, shrubbery or vegetation to remove such obstruction.
- (c) Any shrub, tree or other plant which obstructs the view at an intersection or the view of a traffic sign shall be deemed to be dangerous to public travel and the Village Forester may order, by written notice, the owner or occupant of any private place or premises on which there stands a tree or shrub which unreasonably interferes with or encroaches upon the street or sidewalk, to take such steps as are necessary to remove such interference. If such owner or occupant fails, within ten (10) days of receipt of notice, to take such necessary steps, the Village Forester and/or other Village employees shall order the Village employees to remove the interference. The cost of removing the interference shall be levied and collected as a special tax upon the property upon which or in front of which such tree or shrub stands.
- (d) Any person who is an owner or occupant or firm, or corporation failing to obey the written notice of the Village Forester as specified in Subsection (c) above shall, upon conviction thereof, be subject to a forfeiture as established in Section 1-1-6 of this Code of Ordinances.

Sec. 6-4-10 Prohibited Acts.

- (a) **Damage to Public Trees.** No person shall, without the consent of the owner in the case of a private tree or shrub, or without written permits from the Village Forester in the case of a terrace-area tree, public tree or shrub, perform or cause to be performed by others any of the following acts:
- (1) Secure, fasten or run any rope, wire sign, unprotected electrical installation or other device or material to, around or through a tree or shrub.
 - (2) Break, injure, mutilate, deface, kill or destroy any tree or shrub or permit any fire to burn where it will injure any tree or shrub.
 - (3) Permit any toxic chemical, gas, smoke, oil or other injurious substance to seep, drain or be emptied upon or about any tree or shrub or place cement or other solid substance around the base of the same.
 - (4) Remove any guard, stake or other device or material intended for the protection of a public tree or shrub, or close or obstruct any open space about the base of a public tree or shrub designed to permit access of air, water and fertilizer.
 - (5) Attach any sign, poster, notice or other object on any tree, or fasten any guy wire, cable, rope, nails, screws or other device to any tree; except that the Village may tie temporary signs to trees when necessary in conjunction with street improvement work, tree maintenance work or parades.
 - (6) Cause or encourage any fire or burning near or around any tree.
- (b) **Excavations.** All trees on any parkway or other publicly owned property near any excavation or construction of any building structure or street work shall be sufficiently guarded and protected by those responsible for such work as to prevent any injury to said trees. No person shall excavate any ditches, tunnels or trenches, or install pavement within a radius of ten (10) feet from any public tree without a permit from the Village Forester.
- (c) **Interference With Forester.** No person shall:
- (1) Interfere with or prevent any acts of the Forester or his/her agents or employees while they are engaged in the performance of duties imposed by this Section.
 - (2) Refuse to permit the Forester or his/her duly authorized representative to enter upon his/her premises at reasonable times to exercise the duties imposed by this Section.
- (d) **Refusal to Abate Nuisance.** Permits any public nuisance to remain on any premises owned or controlled by him when ordered by the Forester to abate such nuisance.

Sec. 6-4-11 Appeal from Determinations or Orders.

Any person who receives a determination or order under this Chapter from the Village Forester and objects to all or any part thereof shall have the right to appeal such determination or order, subject to the provisions of Title 4 of this Code of Ordinances and Chapter 68, Wis. Stats., to the Village Board within seven (7) days of receipt of the order and the Village Board shall hear such appeal within thirty (30) days of receipt of written notice of the appeal. After such hearing,

the Village Board may reverse, affirm or modify the order or determination appealed from and the grounds for its decision shall be stated in writing. The Village Board shall, by letter, notify the party appealing the order or determination of its decision within ten (10) days after the hearing has been concluded. The Board shall file its written decision with the Village Clerk-Treasurer.

Sec. 6-4-12 Adoption of State Statutes.

Sections 27.09 and 86.03, Wis. Stats., are hereby adopted and incorporated herein by reference.

State Law Reference: Sections 27.09 and 86.03, Wis. Stats.